

L 22592-66

ACC NR: AP6013001

SOURCE CODE: UR/0105/65/000/006/0091/0091

AUTHOR: Andrianov, V. N.; Budzko, I. A.; Venikov, V. A.; Demin, A. V.; Gorodskiy, D. A.; Grudinskiy, P. G.; Zakharin, A. G.; Krasnov, V. S.; Levin, M. S.; Listov, P. N.; Markovich, I. M.; Mel'nikov, N. A.; Nazarov, G. I.; Razevig, D. V.; Smirnov, B. V.; Stepanov, V. N.; Syromyatnikov, I. A.; Fedoseyev, A. M.; Yakobs, A. I.

ORG: none

TITLE: Doctor of technical sciences, Professor L. Ye. Ebin (on the occasion of his 60th birthday

SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 6, 1965, 91

TOPIC TAGS: scientific personnel, electric network, lightning

ABSTRACT: Professor Lev Yefimovich Ebin, 60, graduated in 1928 from the Kiyevskiy elektrotekhnicheskii institut (Kiyev Electrotechnical Institute). Between 1929 and 1936, he worked in the Donenergo system and published various original papers on lightning protection and grounding devices. From 1936 EBIN works at the Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut elektrifikatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva (All-Union Scientific Research Institute for the Electrification of Agriculture) where he heads a laboratory. In 1937, he defended his candidate's dissertation and in 1951 his Ph. D. Thesis dealing with studies of the nonsymmetrical operating conditions of electrical networks and of stationary and nonstationary electro-thermal processes in the

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UDC: 621.31

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ACC NR: AP6013001

country. These works served for further development of the rural distribution networks. He showed considerable interest in the problem of the raising of scientific personnel. Ebin was decorated with "Znak pocheta" and various medals. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. JPRS

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 2/2 *ga*

L 22150-66

ACC NR: AP6012965

SOURCE CODE: UR/0143/65/000/007/0013/0020

AUTHOR: Budzko, I. A. (Candidate of technical sciences; Academician VASKhNIL)  
Pronnikova, M. I.

25  
13

ORG: Moscow Institute of Agricultural Engineering (Moskovskiy institut inzhenerov sel'skokhozyaystvennogo proizvodstva)

TITLE: Method of two boundary points for calculating short-circuit currents in steel-wire systems

SOURCE: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Energetika, no. 7, 1965, 13-20

TOPIC TAGS: electric impedance, electric current, boundary value problem, wire, steel

ABSTRACT: Steel-wire power systems are used on a fairly broad scale in Soviet agriculture. The calculation of short-circuit currents in these systems is fairly difficult in view of the non-linear dependence of their impedance on the current flow. In this connection, the authors propose simplified methods of calculating these currents according to two boundary values of the current:  $I_{KI}$  in the absence of increment in steel-wire impedance; and  $I_{KII}$  in the presence of maximum increments in steel-wire impedance. On this basis, the appropriate equations are derived. It is shown how allowance can be made for the maximum error due

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UDC: 621.3.064.001.24

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ACC NR: AP6012965

to the nonlinear increment in steel-wire impedance and how the time factor can be taken into account. The compensation method and nomogram for calculating short-circuit currents when power is supplied by a large grid are described. The evaluation of maximal errors with respect to current owing to the increment in steel-wire impedances during a short circuit may be determined over a broad range of currents (70-200 a) for 10 kv systems by means of the formula  $\Delta I\% = \sqrt{3} (z)$ , where  $(z)$  is the overall length of successive steel-wire segments. Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 13 formulas. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: 25May64 / ORIG REF: 005

Card 2/2

L 11548-66 EWT(d)/EWP(k)/EWP(1) JT

ACC NR: AP6005028

SOURCE CODE: UR/0105/65/000/001/0091/0091

AUTHOR: Ayvan'yan, V. G.; Aleksandrov, B. K.; Andrianov, V. N.; Beschinskiy, A. A.; Budzko, I. A.; Zhimerin, D. G.; Krasnov, V. S.; Kruzhilin, G. N.; Kulebakin, V. S.; Listov, P. N.; Markvardt, K. G.; Markovich, I. M.; Popkov, V. I.; Styrikovich, M. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Professor Andrey Georgiyevich Zakharin

SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 1, 1965, 91

TOPIC TAGS: electric power engineering, electric engineering personnel

ABSTRACT: A short biography of subject on the occasion of his 60th birthday in November 64. A close disciple of Krzhizhanovskiy, he now heads sector of general methodological problems and forecasting at ENIN (Institute of Power Engineering imeni Krzhizhanovskiy), and power engineering section within its scientific council. In 1927-1932, worked in designing and construction of power stations and industrial power installations in the Trans-Caucasus. In 1932, having graduated as electrical engineer from Tbilisi Polytechnical Institute, he switched to scientific work at All-Union Institute of Farm Electrification, and at ENIN since 1944. Became candidate of technical sciences in 1937; doctor, in 1948. Subject is credited with working out the methods for designing efficient and economical regional and local power systems, utilizing local power resources and coordinating them with the power grids. He participated in studies on electrification through 1980, and on

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ACC NR: AP6005028

2  
the application of mathematical methods to solution of problems concerning fuel-power balance. In recent years, he has been concerned with linear programming, and long-term prediction with computer techniques. He authored about 80 scientific works, including monographs, textbooks and handbooks, and has been editing all ENIM publications. Is active in CEMA commissions and GOSPLAN USSR, devoting special attention to coordination of scientific research in power engineering. Has been awarded the Order of the Badge of Merit and other decorations. Orig. art. has: 1 figure.

[JPRS]

14

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: none

HW  
Card 2/2

BUDZYNSKA, J.

R. PAKULA, F. RABOZYNSKA, M. DOBRZASKI, I. EISYAKI, A. JONKOWSKA,  
J. BUDZYNSKA:-- Antibiotic sensitivity of staphylococci from various groups.  
Hospitalization as a factor in spreading of antibiotic resistant staphylococci.

SO: Medycyna Doswiadczalna i Mikrobiologia (Experimental Medicine and Microbiology)  
Fourth Quarter 1955.

JEKJASZEWICZ, Janusz; CYBULSKA, Janina; RUDZYŃSKA, Józefa; JAKOBKIEWICZ,  
Julia; ZARZYCKA, Zofia; CZARKOWSKA-FELCZYŃSKA, Halina.

An epidemic of pharyngitis caused by *Streptococcus pyogenes*  
type 12. Przegl. epidemiol. 19 no.1:83-86 '65

1. Z Zakładu Bakteriologii Państwowego Zakładu Higieny, Stacji  
Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej dla m. st. Warszawy i Dzielnicowej  
Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej Warszawa-Ochota.



PAKULA, Roman; RABCZYNSKA, Felicja; DOBRZANSKI, Wladyslaw, KSYMONTT,  
Irena; SOSNOWSKA, Alicja; BUDZYNOWSKA, Jozefa.

Antibiotic sensitivity of Staphylococcus isolated in various  
environments; role of hospital environment in spreading of  
resistant strains. Med.dosw.mikrob. 7 no.4:399-407 1955.

1. Z Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny i Zakladu Mikrobiologii i  
Higieny Wydz. Farmaceutycznego A.M. w Warszawie.

(MICROCOCCUS PYOGENES, effect of drugs on,  
antibiotic resist., role of hosp. in spreading  
of resist. strains)

(ANTIBIOTICS, effects,  
on Micrococcus pyogenes, role of hosp. in spreading  
of resist. strains)

CHRAPOWICKI, Tadeusz; PAKULA, R.; PATZEROWA, T.; BUIZYNOWSKA, J.

Antistreptolysins in children with rheumatic fever. Pediat.  
polska 30 no.12:1137-1144 Dec 55.

1. Z Oddzialu Wewnetrznego Miejskiego Szpitala Dziecieciego  
Nr. 1. w Warszawie. Kierownik Oddzialu: prof. dr. med. T.Chrapo-  
wicki i z Dzialu Ziarenkowcow Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny w Warszawie  
Kierownik: prof. dr. R.Pakula. Warszawa, Krakowskie Przedmiescie  
16/18 m. 27.

(STREPTOLYSIN, antagonists  
antistreptolysin in rheumatic fever in child)  
(RHEUMATIC FEVER, diag.  
antistreptolysin-O test in child)

BUDZYNOWSKI, Jozef, mgr. inz.

The foundry industry in Krakow Voivodeship. Przegl mech  
21 no.9/10:286-287. 10-25 My '62.

1. Fabryka Maszyn Odlewniczych, Krakow.

KRAKOWSKA-RECHNICOWA, Jadwiga; MARCINIAKOWNA, Ewa; SIWINSKA, Maria;  
~~BUDZYNSKA, Agnieszka~~

Comparison of a case of antihemophilic globulin B deficiency  
with proconvertin deficiency. Polskie arch. med. wew. 26 no.  
9:1425-1437 1956.

1. Z Zakladu Patologii Ogolnej i Doswiadczalnej, Kierownik:  
prof. dr. med. H. Kowarzyk i z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieciacych  
Kierownik: prof. dr. med. H. Hirszfildowa, Akademii Medycznej  
we Wroclawiu. Adres autora: Wroclaw, ul. Marcinkowskiego 1.  
(HEMOPHILIA, case reports,  
antihemophilic globulin B defic., comparison with  
proconvertin defic. (Pol))

POL : 4

✓ Polish trees as sources of oil. Ludwik Rosentall and Janina Budzyńska. *Roczniki Państwowego Zakładu Hig.* 3, 125-12 (1954). The authors conducted a study of fruits and seeds of Polish trees with regard to their use as a potential source of edible oils or fats. The following trees and (or) fruit were studied: *Pinus silvestris*, *Picea excelsa*, *Abies alba*, *Fagus sylvatica*, *Fraxinus excelsior*, *Tilia cordata*, *T. parvifolia*, *Ulmus effusa*, *Ulmus montana*. It is indicated that all specimens studied can be considered as a potential source of edible oils, and that seed cakes can be used for feeding animals, with the exception of *Abies alba* and *Fraxinus excelsior*, which were found to contain toxic substances. A. I. P.

BUDZYNSKA, JANINA

Chem. ✓ Chemical composition of rapeseed oil. Janina Budzyńska. Roczniki Państwowego Zakładu Hig. 6, 22-24 (1955) (English summary).—Representative and av. values for Polish rapeseed oil are: lower fatty acids 0, higher satd. fatty acids 7.0%-21.7, erucic acid 44.13-49.10, oleic acid 15.25-23.13, linoleic acid 13.34-18.81, and linolenic acid 4.49-9.81%. In the Polish oils the content of linoleic and linolenic acids is higher than that in other oils of European origin and the oleic acid is lower. The erucic acid value is about the same. A. L. P.

BM ROK

2000

ZURKOWSKA, Janina; BUDZYNSKA, Maria; KROSZCZYNSKI, Wojciech;  
OZAROWSKI, Aleksander

Cardenolide glycosides. V. Studies on a complex of active  
bodies isolated from *Convallaria majalis* L. Acta pol. pharm.  
20 no.4:329-337 '63.

1. Z Zakladu Zwiaskow Naturalnych Instytutu Farmaceutycznego  
w Warszawie Kierownik Zakladu: dr. A. Ozarowski.  
(CONVALLARIA) (CHEMISTRY. PHARMACEUTICAL)

ZURKOWSKA, Janina; BUDZYNSKA, Maria; OZAROWSKI, Aleksander

Cardenolide glycosides. II. The content of active bodies in  
Digitalis purpurea L. leaves of domestic origin. Acta pol.  
pharm. 20 no.2:109-114 '63.

1. Z Zakladu Zwiazkow Naturalnych Instytutu Farmaceutycznego  
w Warszawie Kierownik Zakladu: Dr A. Ozarowski.

(DIGITALIS GLYCOSIDES)

(CHEMISTRY, PHARMACEUTICAL)



WIKIJSKA, Janina; BIEGANSKA, Maria; CZAROWSKI, Aleksander

Cardenolid glycosides. VII. Determination of the purity of digitoxin from various suppliers. Acta Pol. pharm. 21 no.3:307-308  
'64

1. Z Zakladu Zwiaskow Naturalnych Instytutu Farmaceutycznego  
w Warszawie (Kierownik: dr. A. Czarowski).

BUDZYNSKA, Maria; ZURKOWSKA, Janina; OZAROWSKI, Aleksander

Cardenolid glycosides. **XI**. Chromatographic analysis of mixture of digitalis glycosides remaining after the separation of lanatosides. Acta Pol. pharm. 21 no.6:519-520 '64

1. Z Zakladu Zwiaskow Naturalnych Instytutu Farmaceutycznego w Warszawie (kierownik: dr. A. Ozarowski).

DOBIEK, Stanislaw; BUDZYNSKA-DOBIEK, Wladyslawa

Metastases of cervical cancer to the bone. Nowotwory 11 no. 2:  
221-225 Ag-S '64

1. Z I Kliniki Poloznictwa i Chorob Kobietych Akademii Medycznej  
w Krakowie (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. W. Schwarz).

BUDZYNSKA-XOZANECKA, Alicja; PAPKE, Anna

Case of a large ovarian teratoma in 6 year old girl. Pediat.  
polska 32 no.1:74-76 Jan 57.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieciacych A.M. w Poznaniu Kierownik:  
prof. dr. med. T. Rafinski i z III Kliniki Chirurgicznej A.M.  
w Poznaniu Kierownik: doc. dr. med. J. Borszewski. Adres:  
Poznan, ul. Magdaleny 14.

(OVARIES, neoplasms

teratoma in 6 year old girl (Pol))

(TERATOMA, in inf. & child

ovarian, in 6 year old girl (Pol))

BUDZYNSKI, ANDRZEJ

POL.

✓ Synthesis of the cupric salt of ethyl  $\gamma$ -benzoylacetacetate.  
 Andrzej Budzynski (Univ. Warsaw). *Roczniki Chem.* 27,  
 840-84083 (English summary).—The action of 8 ml. of  
 concd.  $H_2SO_4$  (d. 1.84) on 1 g. of di-Et  $\beta$ -chloro $\alpha$ -nanamoyl-  
 malonate at  $-26^\circ$  for 24 hrs. gave 0.45 g. (47%) Et  $\alpha$ -car-  
 bethoxy  $\gamma$ -benzoylacetacetate (I), m.  $84^\circ$  (from petr. ether),  
 which gave a cupric salt, m.  $178-8^\circ$  (from benzene), after  
 10 min. when added to an alc. soln. of  $Cu(OAc)_2$ . Hy-  
 drolyzing I in an autoclave for 16 min. at  $130^\circ$  and 3 atm.,  
 followed by extrn. with  $Et_2O$ , by evapn. of the  $Et_2O$ , and by  
 treatment with an alc. soln. of  $Cu(OAc)_2$  gave 0.15 g. (57%)  
 cupric salt of  $\gamma$ -benzoylacetacetate, m.  $183-4^\circ$  (from ben-  
 zene). P. Dreyfuss

CH

*Handwritten signature*

BUDZYNSKI, A.

A. BUDZYNSKI, "Anhydrous hydrogen fluoride as a solvent for albumens."  
No.1, January 1955, pp. 1-64, Chemical News, Poland.

*Budzynski, A. Z.*

POLAND / Analytical Chemistry--Analysis of organic substances.

E-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 14, 1959, No. 49309

Author : Budzynski, A. Z.; Zubrzycki, Z. J.; Campbell, I. G.

Inst : Not given

Title : The Application of Radioactive Isotopes to the  
Quantitative Chromatographic Determination of Fatty  
Acids

Orig Pub : Nukleonika, 3, Spec No, 133-144 (1958)

Abstract : By their work on linoleic, oleic, palmitic, and stearic acids, the authors have established the possibility of the application of radioactive isotopes to the quantitative determination of microgram quantities of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids (FA), separated by the method of paper chromatography, and have investigated various conditions for carrying out the determination. The FA are chromatographed for 18 hrs on Schleicher and Schuell

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POLAND / Analytical Chemistry--Analysis of organic substances.

E-3

Abs Jour i Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 14, 1959, No. 49309

598L paper by the ascending method: The fixed phase consists of a 20% solution of Mepasin (a synthetic mixture of hydrogenated higher hydrocarbons with a bromine number of  $\leq 0.16$  and a bp of  $180 - 190^\circ$ ) in peroxide-free freshly distilled ether. The mobile phase consists of 90%  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$  saturated with Mepasin. A 2% solution of the FA in ether is used in the separation. In the case of the unsaturated FA the chromatogram is recorded under an atmosphere of  $\text{N}_2$ , dried for 1 hr at  $60^\circ$  under an atmosphere of  $\text{N}_2$ , and immersed for 150 min in a vessel filled with a solution containing  $\text{I}^{131}$  (100 ml of iodine-iodate aqueous solution, 0.0022 M in  $\text{NaI}$  and 0.0044 M in  $\text{NaIO}_3$ , is treated with 6.5 ml of  $\text{NaI}^{131}$  solution, ca. 5 microcuries/ml, and the resulting solution is acidified with  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  to concentration 0.025 M (acid?). In the range 50 - 300 FA, the radioactivity of the spot

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POLAND / Analytical Chemistry--Analysis of organic substances.

E-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 14, 1959, No. 49309

after correction for the background radioactivity, is directly proportional to the FA content of the spot. The error is 15%. In the case of the saturated FA, the chromatogram is immersed for 15 min in a solution containing Zr 95 and Nb 95 (a solution of  $Zr^{95}(NO_3)_4$  and  $Nb^{95}(NO_3)_4$ , ca. 3 microcuries/ml Zr 95, is added to a 0.003 M solution of  $Zr(NO_3)_4$  of pH 3 - 4.5) and washed in water or immersed for 15 min in 0.06 M  $CH_3COOAg$  solution, followed by washing with water and immersion for 15 min in 0.01 M NaI solution containing 4 microcuries/ml I 131, after which the chromatogram is again washed with water and dried in the dark at room temperature. The radioactivity of the spots of the FA salts is measured and the FA content is determined by comparison with a calibration curve. For the visual determination of the position of the spots on the

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E-35

POLAND / Analytical Chemistry--Analysis of organic substances. E-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur' - Khimiya, No 14, 1959, No. 49309

chromatogram, the Cu salts of the FA are formed by  
treatment of the chromatogram with copper ferrocyanide.  
-- B. Kolokolov

Card 4/4

BUDZYNSKI, Andrzej Z.

~~Metabolism of fats. Postepy biochem. 4 no.3:379-402 1956.~~  
Metabolism of fats. Postepy biochem. 4 no.3:379-402 1956.

1. Mgr. kierownik pracowni Zakladu Ochrony Zdrowia Instytutu Badan  
Jadrowych PAN.  
(FATS, metabolism  
review (Pol))

BUDZYNSKI, A. Z.

POLAND/Analytical Chemistry - Organic Analysis.

E

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Khimiya, No 20, 1959, 71271

Author : Budzynski, Andrzej Z., Zubczyski, Zdzislaw J.

Inst : -

Title : Chromatographic Separation of Erucic Acid from Saturated and Unsaturated Higher Fatty Acids.

Orig Pub : Roczn. chem., 1958, 32, No 6, 1425-1426

Abstract : To separate erucic acid (I) from saturated and unsaturated higher fatty acids the mixture of acids is chromatographed using the Schleicher and Schull 598L paper, mepazin (II) (mixture of synthetic saturated hydrocarbons) as the stationary phase, and 96%  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$ , saturated with II, as the mobile phase.  $R_f$  I 0.22; the stearic acid spot ( $R_f$  0.29) is located closest to zone I. -- N. Turkevich

Card 1/1

- 10 -

**Radioimetric estimation of unsaturated fatty acids on chromatograms.** A. Z. Budzyński, Z. J. Zubrzycki, and J. G. Campbell (*Radiobiol. Lab.*, Warsaw). *Nature* 182, 178-9 (1958).—Unsatur. fatty acids, sepd. by partition paper chromatography are quantitatively estd. by using  $I^{131}$ . The acid mixt. is revolved on 15 mm.  $\times$  280 mm. S & S 598L paper strips with a mixt. of very low Br. no. (0.16) hydrocarbons boiling at 180–90° as stationary, and 90% AcOH satd. with the hydrocarbon as mobile phase in ascending reversed-phase chromatography under N. The hydrocarbon mixt. is applied to the strips as a 20% soln. in freshly distd. Et<sub>2</sub>O free of peroxides, the Et<sub>2</sub>O being evapd. After chromatography, the strip is dried at 60° for one hr. in N, then immersed in 6.5 ml. of a soln. of 0.0022*M* NaI, 0.0044*M* NaIO<sub>3</sub> and contg. 5 microcurie/ml. of  $I^{131}$  as  $I^-$ . The soln. is made 0.025*M* in H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and after immersion for 150 min., the strip is removed and dried overnight at room temp., during which time, excess unbound  $I^{131}$  is given off. Distribution of  $\beta$ -activity is detd. by drawing the strip in 2 mm. steps under a 2 mm.  $\times$  15 mm. slit in a "Perspex" screen 4 mm. thick located under an end-window Geiger-Müller counter with window thickness 4 mg./sq. cm. Both

oleic and linoleic acid give a reproducible linear relation indicative of proportional iodination when integrated spot activity is plotted against amts. of acid (spot content). The method has been used to det. max. spot activity and to relate these to spot content. The method allows detn. of max. spot thickness.

Myron N. Lugasch

Myron N. Lugasch

A.Z. BUDZYNSKI

Distr: 4E3c/4E3d

Quantitative evaluation of chromatograms by double decomposition with simple radioactive reagents. 1. Use of silver-111 iodide in radiometric estimation of organic and phosphoric acids. Z. J. Zubrzycki, A. Z. Budzynski, and G. Campbell (Inst. Nuclear Research, Warsaw, Poland). *Talanta* 2, 165-70 (1959).—The method of double decomposition chromatography has been developed for the radiometric estimation of said fatty acids, inorganic phosphates, and glucose-1-phosphates on paper chromatograms, by forming insoluble silver salts on the paper strip, followed by decomposition of the salt with iodide-111, and radiometry of the Ag-111 deposit. Integrated activities of spots are linearly related to spot content for fatty acids and phosphates, but not for glucose-1-phosphate. The maximum (peak) spot activity is proportional to the log of spot content for fatty acids and phosphates, but not for glucose-1-phosphate. Bella L. Rosenfeld.

BUDZYNSKI, Andrzej Z.: ZUBRZYCKI, Zdzislaw J.

Separation of higher fatty acids from erucic acid means paper chromatography. Chem anal 4 no.5/6:903-908 '59. (EEAI 9:9)

1. Zaklad Ochrony Zdrowia, Pracownia Biochemiczna, Instytut  
Badan Jadrowych Polskiej Akademii Nauk.  
(Fatty acids) (Chromatography) (Erucic acid)

BUDZYNSKI, A.

KOMIŃSKI, F.  
SURNAME (in caps); Given Names

11

Country: Poland

Academic Degrees: Prof., dr med

Affiliation: Head of the Clinical Biochemistry Laboratory (Pracownia Biochemii Klinicznej) and the Department of Internal Diseases (Oddział Chorob Wewnętrznych), Institute of Hematology (Instytut Hematologii), Warsaw; Director:

Source: Warsaw, Przebieg Lekarski, No 5, 1961, p. 212.

Data: "Investigation on the Provocation of the Picture of Dysproteinemia by the Action of Plasmin on Fibrinogen." (Abstract)

Co-authors:

BUDZYNSKI, A.

KOPCZ, Maria, Clinical Biochemistry Laboratory and the Department of Internal Diseases, Warsaw; Director: Prof. K. KOMIŃSKI, dr med

MURAWSKI, K.

LATALLO, Z., Institute of Hematology (Instytut Hematologii), Warsaw; Director: Docent A. TRZASKOWSKI, dr med



POLAND

A.Z. DUDZYNSKI and E. KOWALSKI, Department of Radiobiology and Health Protection, Institute of Nuclear Studies, Polish Academy of Sciences (Zaklad Radiobiologii i Ochrony Zdrowia, Instytut Badan Jądrowych, PAN [Polska Akademia Nauk],) Warsaw.

"Separation of Breakdown Products of Plasmin-Digested Fibrinogen on DEAE-Cellulose."

Warsaw, Bulletin de l'Academie Polonaise des Sciences, Serie des Sciences Biologiques, Vol 10, No 11, 1962; pp 463-466.

Abstract [English article]: Twelve non-dialysable substances were obtained. Table, starch gel electrophogram, column chromatograms, diagram showing percentage released low molecular products soluble in tungstate or TCA versus incubation time; 3 Western and 4 Polish references.

1/1

BASEOVA, I.P.; BUDZINSKIY, A.E. [Budzynski, A.]

Fractionation and characteristics of the early products of fibrinogen  
proteolysis by plasmin Biokhimiya 30 no.2:322-326 Mr.-Ap '65.

(MIRA 18:7)

1. Laboratoriya fiziologii i biokhimii svertyvaniya krovi Moskovskogo  
gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni Lomonosova i Otdeleniye radio biologii  
i okhrany zdorov'ya Instituta yadernykh issledovaniy Pol'skoy Akademii nauk,  
Varshava.

LIPINSKI, B.; BUDZYNSKI, A.Z.; LATALLO, Z.S.; KOWALSKI, E.

Isolation and characterization of cold-insoluble fibrinogen complex from bovine plasma. Acta biochim. Pol. 11 no.4: 527-534 '64.

1. Department of Radiobiology and Health Protection, Institute of Nuclear Research, Warszawa.

BULZYNSKI, Andrzej T.

Modern views on fibrin stabilizing factor (FSF). Postepy biochem.  
11 no.3:295-305 '65.

BUDEZYNSKI, Andrzej Z.

Action of the fibrin stabilizing factor in hemostasis. Pol.  
arch. med. wewnet. 35 no.4:553-558 '65.

1. Z Instytutu Badan Jadrowych w Warszawie, Zaklad Radiohologii  
i Ochrony Zdrowia (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. E. Kowalski).

KSIEZNY, S.; ARDELT, W.; BUDZYNSKI, A.Z.; NIEDZWIECKA-NAMYSLOWSKA, Izabella;  
WOJTECKA-LUKASIK, Elzbieta

Some properties of elastin degradation products. Acta biochim.  
Pol. 12 no.4:327-335 '65.

1. Department of Biochemistry, Institute of Rheumatology, Warszawa.

CZYZEWSKA, Janina; CHRZANOWSKA, Maria; BUDZYNSKA, Agnieszka

Congenital hypothyroidism and thyroid ectopy diagnosed with I-131.  
Endokr.pol. 14 no.5:409-414 '63.

1. I.Klinika Pediatria A.M. we Wrocławiu. Kierownik. prof. dr  
H. Hirszfildowa i Pracownia Izotopowa I Kliniki Chirurgicznej A.M.  
we Wrocławiu. Kierownik: prof. dr.K. Czyzewski oraz Miejska Poradnia  
Endokrynologiczna dla Dzieci we Wrocławiu. Kierownik: dr A. Budzyn-  
ska.

\*

BUDZYNSKI, Bogdan; ORLOWSKI, Tadeusz

Angioma of the small intestine. Polski przegl. chir. 31 no.6:705-708  
June 59.

1. Z Oddziału Chirurgicznego Wojskowego Szpitala Okręgowego we Wrocławiu  
Ordynator Oddziału: dr T. Orłowski  
(INTESTINE, SMALL, neopl.) (HEMANGIOMA, surg.)



L 15236-65 AFWL/SSD/ESD(o)/ESD(t)

ACCESSION NR: AF4046794

P/0053/64/000/008/0383/0387

AUTHOR: Budzynski, Gustaw

TITLE: Thermistor with a positive temperature coefficient (PTC)

SOURCE: Przegląd elektroniki, no. 8, 1964, 383-387

TOPIC TAGS: positive temperature coefficient thermistor, negative temperature coefficient thermistor, low frequency oscillation generator, thermistor coupling, multivibrator

ABSTRACT: A thermistor manufactured by the Dutch firm "Philips" has been studied at the Katedra Urządzeń Radiotechnicznych i Telewizyjnych PW (Department of Radiotechnical and Television Equipment PW). The thermistor properties are discussed in detail and the data plotted and tabulated. The possible utilization of the new thermistor as a temperature sensitive element and as a current stabilizer is suggested. Generation of oscillations of very low frequencies in miniature systems of generators with dual excitation by coupling thermistors of positive and negative temperature coefficients is of particular interest. Coupling in series is considered most advantageous for NTC thermistors and coupling in parallel for

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L 15236-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4046794

PTC thermistors. The bridge system and the ladder system of coupling are also considered. Orig. art. has: 5 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 10Apr64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC, EE

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 003

Card 2/2

SANKIEWICZ, Marianna ; BUDZYNSKI, Gustaw

A method for the uniform linear analysis of transistor oscillators.  
Lacznosc Gdansk no. 4:167-183 '62.

1. Katedra Radiotechniki Nadawczej, Politechnika, Gdansk

SANKIEWICZ, M.; BUDZYNSKI, G.

Transistor oscillator with L-type feedback network. Archiw elektrotech 12 no.2:431-445 '63.

1. Katedra Radiotechniki Nadawczej, Politechnika, Gdansk.

BUTZYSKI, Stanislaw, mgr inr.

Hydraulic press PE-OM63 for production from metal powder.  
Mechanik 37 no.5:259-260 My '64.

PTA  
BUDZYNSKI, S.

10

1271

399 6 673 002 3

Budzynski S. Remarks on the Classification of Raw Hides.

„Uwagi na temat klasyfikacji skór surowych” Przegląd Skórzany  
No 3, 1951, pp 10-12.

Quality classification of raw hides according to the extent to which a hide can be utilised and to its suitability for particular purposes in leather manufacture. Main principles of such classification: valuation of hides according to yield; determination of the causes of damage in hides; facilitating control over the causes of changes occurring in hides. Necessity for compiling suitable classification standards and for close integration of the work of individual bodies responsible for standardising raw materials and leather manufactures.

BUDZYNSKI, S.

"Standardization in the Tanning Industry," P. 329. (WIADOMOŚCI, Vol. 22, No. 6, June 1954. Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 1, Jan. 1955, Uncl.

RUDEYNI, S.

Progress in the economy of hides. p. 32.

PRZENOSIENIE, Loda, Vol. 10, no. 2, Feb. 1955.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (SOAL), LC, Vol. 4, no. 10, Oct. 1955,  
Uncl.



BUDZINSKI, S.

Economical management of rawhides.

P. 209 (Przegląd Skóranv. Vol. 11, no. 9, Sept. 1956. Lodz, Poland)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (FFAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 2,  
February 1958

BUDZYMSKI, W.

The tractor in agricultural transport. Przegl techn 81 no.3;  
11-13 '60.

BUDZYNSKI, Wiktor, mgr. inż.

The problem of water balance in German literature. Gosp wodna  
22 no.4:151-153 Ap '62.

BUDZYNSKI, Wiktor, mgr. inz.

The problem of dirt roads in German agricultural periodicals.  
Drogownictwo 16 no. 11:270-272 N 61.

BUDZYNSKI, Wiktor, mgr inz.

Water and soil improvement problems in German periodicals. Gosp.  
wodna 22 no.10:450-452 0 '62.

BUDZYNSKI, Wiktor, mgr inz.

Sprinlers in the light of German studies and practice.  
Gosp wodna 24 no, 2:69-74 F '64.

BUDZYNSKI, Zdzislaw, inz.; KURASZKIEWICZ, Edmund, inz.

Electric cooking plate with the heating cable moulded in ceramic  
mass. Przegl elektrotechn 37 no.12:511 '61.

(Stoves—Electric)

L 01259-67

ACC NR: AP6029487

SOURCE CODE: PO/0095/66/014/005/0497/0503

AUTHOR: Budzynski, G.--Budzyn'skiy, G.

ORG: Department of Radiocommunication, Technical University, Gdansk  
(Katedra Radio-Komunikacji, Politechnika, Gdansk)

TITLE: Series-parallel oscillators

SOURCE: Polska akademia nauk. Bulletin. Serie des sciences techniques,  
v. 14, no. 5, 1966, 497-503

TOPIC TAGS: oscillator, series parallel oscillator, oscillator theory,  
circuit, transistorized circuit, oscillation, computer

ABSTRACT: Circuits producing series-parallel oscillations in a non-dimensional self-excited oscillator are discussed; this type has not yet been analyzed in oscillation theory. Linear amplitude conditions are given for this self-excited oscillator and its special features. The results of analysis are confirmed by tests conducted on transistorized and thermistor self-excited oscillators. First, an analog computer was used to analyze various cases of operation of a series-parallel oscillator. Next, several cases were analyzed by graphical methods. Then, the results were compared with those obtained from

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L 01259-07

ACC NR: AP6029487

direct measurements of experimental circuits in series-parallel oscillators. The use of non-linear methods of analysis is inevitable for more precise investigations. Experiments were also made with a series-parallel oscillator of ultralow frequency. One of the merits of the series-parallel oscillators should be emphasized. According to the concept of oscillator-stroke number, due to Le Corbeiller [P. Le Corbeiller, Two-stroke oscillators, IRE Trans. on Circuit Theory (December), (1960), 387-398.], the series-parallel oscillator may be generally classified as an eight-stroke oscillator [M. Sankiewicz, Eight-stroke oscillator, Abh. Deutsche Akad. der Wiss., (1965)]. This should improve the frequency stability of the series-parallel oscillators as compared with conventional four-stroke oscillator circuits. This work was presented by J. Groszkowski (January 20, 1966). The author wishes to express his gratitude to Professor J. Groszkowski for valuable suggestions and kind criticism. He is especially indebted to Professor St. Ryzko for encouragement and guidance during this work. He also expresses his gratitude to Professor L. Knoch for many helpful comments and discussions. Orig. art. has: 7 figures and 24 formulas. [Based on author's abstract.] [AM]

SUB CODE: 09/ DATE SUBM: none/ OTH REF: 003

Card 2/2 awm

BUDZYNSKIY, L.

Stanislaw Ruranski, Polish worker. Sov. profsoiuzy 17 no.24:26  
D '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Glavnyy redaktor zhurnala "Psheglond zvenskovy", Varshava.  
(Ruranski, Stanislaw)  
(Warsaw—Open hearth furnaces)

BUDZYNSKIY, Leonard [Budzyn'ski, Leonard]

With a thought about Poland's fate. Sov.profsoiuzy 19 no.4:  
26-27 F '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Glavnyy redaktor zhurnala "Psheglond Zvenskovy".  
(Poland—Trade unions) (Poland—Economic policy)

BUDZYNSKI, Wiktor, mgr inz.

Progress in German water management. Gosp wojna 23 no.3:120-121  
Mr '63.

TALAYEVA, G.V.; BUDZYUK, T.V.; NACHINKIN, O.I.

Selection of anticorrosive materials in the manufacture of  
"vinol" fiber. Khim.volok. no.3:70-72 '62. (MIRA 16:2)  
(Textile fibers, Synthetic)  
(Corrosion and anticorrosives)

TALAYEVA, G. V.; BUDZYUK, T. V.

Manufacture of machine parts from chemically stable titanium  
and its alloys. Khim. volok. no.6:44-46 '62.

(MIRA 16:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstven-  
nogo volokna.

(Textile machinery—Corrosion)  
(Titanium alloys)

LITOVSKIY, inzh.; BUEL', inzh.

Repair of the brake valves of ZIL automobiles. Avt.transp. 39 no.2:48  
F '61. (MIRA 14:3)

(Automobiles—Brakes)

VERBOLOV, V.I.; BUFAL, V.V.

Solar heat received on Lake Baikal. Trudy Lim. inst. 5:179-187 '64.  
(MIRA 17:11)



BUFALOVA, K. P.; SOKLAKOVA, Ye. V.

Present status and prospects for developing the resources of  
mineral fertilizers. Sov. geol. 5 no.10:68-74 0 '62.

(MIRA 15:10)

1. Vsesoyuznyy geologicheskiiy fond.

(Fertilizers and manures)

BUFATIN, O. I.

AUTHORS:

Bufatin, O. I. , Zaydel', A. H. , Kaliteyevskiy, N. I. 75-1-19/26

TITLE:

The Spectrochemical Determination of Platinum and Palladium in Uranium (Spektrokhimicheskoye opredeleniye platiny i palladiya v urane)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal Analiticheskoy Khimii, 1958, Vol 13, Nr 1, pp 116-118 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In the determination of small quantities of elements of the platinum group in uranium the usual methods of spectral analysis do not lead to success. Therefore a concentration of the elements to be determined must be brought about by chemical methods. According to several authors noble metals are separated from ores by crucible melting with lead. In the analysis of fairly pure samples of uranium, however, this task can be solved much more simply by precipitation of the elements of the platinum group with hydrogen sulfide as sulfides. On that occasion practically all uranium remains in solution. In order to attain a sensitivity of the analysis of about  $10^{-4}$  %, copper was taken as carrier, which possess a good

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The Spectrochemical Determination of Platinum and Palladium in Uranium 75-1-19/26

collecting action for platinum sulfide. The precipitation took place in a hot 2n-sulfuric solution which contained 0,1 mg Cu on 1g uranium. The sulfides were dissolved in aqua regia and brought onto the surface of a carbon electrode moistened with a solution of polystyrene in benzene. The completeness of the precipitation of platinum and palladium was spectroscopically proved. In the spectroscopic determination of Pt and Pd in artificial mixtures ( $10^{-4}$  -  $10^{-2}$  % Pt and Pd in uranium) a rectilinear dependence of the blackening of the lines of analysis on the logarithm of the concentration of the element to be determined exists. This simple method of the joint precipitation of the sulfides of platinum and palladium with copper sulfide permits a practically complete separation of uranium. In the spectrum of the concentrate no lines of uranium could be proved any long. The spectrum poor in lines of copper does not hinder the spectroscopic determination of platinum and palladium. (Technical data of the apparatus used are then given). For the calibration of the spectrum, copper proved to be useless as reference element, as it falsifies the results of the determination of platinum and palla-

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## The Spectrochemical Determination of Platinum and Palladium in Uranium 75-1-19/26

dium in uranium samples which are polluted with copper. As another suitable element which is quantitatively precipitated together with copper as sulfide was difficult to find, the standard element was not added to the initial sample, but to the concentrate after the concentration. Gold (0.01 %  $\text{AuCl}_3$ -solution) was taken in a quantity that 2  $\mu\text{g}$  metallic gold were deposited on the electrode. The lines of analysis of platinum were at 2659,45 Å, and 3421,24 Å respectively, the corresponding reference lines of gold at 2675,95 Å and 3122,78 Å respectively. The somewhat great distance in the wave lengths of the used lines of platinum and palladium plays a minor part, as the accuracy in the determination of such small quantities is comparatively low. This method of calibration diminishes the errors which occur in photographing the spectrum and simplifies the performance of the analysis. Series tests showed that the uncontrollable errors originating from the precipitation of the sulfides are very few. The total error of a determination at concentrations of platinum in uranium of about  $10^{-4}$  % lay below 20 %. It is composed of errors in concentration, of calibration errors and

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The Spectrochemical Determination of Platinum and Palladium in Uranium 75-1-19/26

errors in the spectral analysis of the concentrate. By means of the calibration lines platinum in uranium can be identified with a sensitivity of  $10^{-4}$  % and palladium with a sensitivity of  $3 \cdot 10^{-5}$  %. This method can also be employed for the determination of platinum and palladium on other materials. The most important conditions for applicability is that the chief component of the sample is not precipitable with hydrogen sulfide in a sulfuric solution. Especially the possibility of application for the determination of platinum in a mixture of the rare earth metals was examined. On the introduction of hydrogen sulfide into a solution of the sulfates of the rare earth metals the latter remain in the solution, whereas platinum is precipitated together with the carrier (copper). The sensitivity of the determination is somewhat lower than in the determination of platinum in uranium, as the low solubility of the sulfates of the rare earth metals requires smaller weighed portions of the samples for the analysis. The corresponding experiments were performed by G. G. Kund and P. P. Yakimovoy. There are 1 figure, 1 table, and 3 references, 1 of which is Slavic.

Card 4/5

75-1-19/26

The Spectrochemical Determination of Platinum and Palladium in Uranium

ASSOCIATION: Leningrad State University imeni A. A. Zhdanov  
(Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A. A. Zhdanova)

SUBMITTED: February 7, 1957

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

1. Platinum - Determination    2. Palladium -  
Determination    3. Uranium - Spectrographic  
analysis

Card 5/5

1. BUFAYENKO, P. I.
2. USSR (600)
4. Swine
7. Fattening swine on the Chkalov Collective Farm, Sots. zhiv., 15,  
No. 2, 1953.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April,  
1953, Uncl.

S/080/61/034/002/017/025  
A057/A129

AUTHORS: Abramova, Ye.A., Bufetchnikova, O.Ya.

TITLE: Investigation of viscose fibers by the method of ethanolysis

PERIODICALS: Zhurnal Prikladnoy Khimii, v 34, no 2, 1961, 416-423

TEXT: The effect of the zinc sulfate concentration in the precipitation bath on the fine structure of fibers obtained from viscose solutions with and without cyclohexylamine admixtures was investigated. The main factor which determines the quality of viscose fibers is the fine structure developed during formation of the fiber. It depends on conditions in the precipitation bath. Investigations by M. Horio et al. (Ref 7: Textile Research J., 17, 264 (1947)), P.F. Morehead, W.A. Sisson (Ref 5: Textile Research J., 15, 12, 443 (1945)), and D.J. Drummond et al. (Ref 8: J. Text. Inst., 50, 3, 262 (1959)) demonstrated that structure of freely spun fibers is similar to the structure of fibers spun by plaiting and stretching. One of the methods for investigating the fine structure of fibers is

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Investigation of viscose fibers ...

S/080/61/034/002/017/025  
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the kinetic method of hydrolysis in an anhydrous medium. In water-containing media recrystallization of the fiber structure occurs. V.I. Sharkov, I.I. Korol'kov, and A.V. Krupnova (Ref 14: ZhPKh, 32, 3, 319 (1954)) demonstrated that acid hydrolysis of cellulose fibers in absolute alcohol practically eliminates recrystallization of amorphous cellulose. This method was used in the present investigations. The fibers were prepared from viscose solutions with two different degrees ( $\eta$ ) of xanthogenate substitution ( $\eta \approx 30$  and  $\approx 80$ ). A type of a low-viscosity Swedish cord cellulose was used and the viscose was prepared under a previously described low-temperature condition (Ref 15: ZhPKh, 29, 253 (1955)). The formation of the single fiber was carried out in a laboratory equipment. Temperature in the precipitation bath was  $48 \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$  and in the plastification bath  $80 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ . Principal conditions were presented in Tab. 2. Under similar conditions fibers were obtained with admixtures of cyclohexylamine (1 g/l). Ethanolysis was carried out under soft conditions using 10%  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  solutions in ethanol in a sealed ampoule at  $100^\circ\text{C}$ , a duration of 20, 40, 60, 180, and 360 min and a hydrolysis factor of 1/30. It can be seen from the results obtained (Tab. 3) that with increasing zinc sulfate

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Investigation of viscose fibers ...

S/080/61/034/002/017/025  
A057/A129

content in the precipitation bath the amount of amorphous cellulose in the fiber structure increases to a certain limit. Curves of the hydrolyzability of fibers show two maxima (Fig 1). Results concerning the amount of the amorphous fraction in fibers indicate (Tab. 4) that in the presence of cyclohexylamine zinc ions penetrate deeper into the fiber. Experiments with fibers  $\gamma \approx 30$  showed (Fig 5) decrease in hydrolyzability compared to fibers with higher  $\gamma$  values. Fibers obtained from viscose with  $\gamma \approx 30$  have a heterogeneous structure. The present authors assume the following specific effect of zinc sulfate on the fine structure of fibers: Increase in zinc sulfate amount in the precipitation bath effects an increase in the amorphous fraction due to formation of smaller structural units (crystallites), which form much intercrystallite spaces. Penetration of zinc ions into the bulk of the fiber is promoted by cyclohexylamine. The change in the fine structure of fibers in the region of 60 g/l zinc sulfate can be explained by fission of small crystallites to bigger structural units. There are 5 figures, 4 tables and 36 references: 5 Soviet-bloc. and 11 non-Soviet-bloc.

Card 3/11

Investigation of viscose fibers ...

S/080/60/034/002/017/025  
A057/A129

ASSOCIATION: Institut vysokomolekulyarnykh soedineniy AN SSSR (Institute  
of High Molecular Compounds of the AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: July 19, 1960

Card 4/11

ABRAMOVA, Ye.A.; BUFETCHIKOVA, O.Ya.; NIKITINA, N.P.

Values of density, swelling, and hygroscopicity in dependence on the conditions of fiber formation. Zhur. prikl. khim. 34 no. 12:2746-2754 D '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Institut vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy AN SSSR.  
(Viscose)

BUFETOV, V., podpolkovnik, Geroy Sovetskogo Soyuza

A pass to life. Voen.znan. 38 no.5:8 My '62.  
(Military education)

(MIRA 15:5)

BUFETOV, V.; SHCHERBAKOVA, O.

Automatic regulation and remote control of temperature in the cooking of sausage products. *Mais.ind. SSSR* 34 no.1:28-32 '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. *Proyektno-tekhnologicheskii i nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Yaroslavskogo soveta narodnogo khozyaystva.*  
(Meat industry) (Temperature regulators)

BUFEYEV, Aleksey Yakovlevich; SHLEPINA, M.M., redaktor; KIRSANOVA, N.A.,  
tekhnicheskii redaktor

[Saving eight million rubles] Vosem' millionov rublei ekonomii. [Moskva] Izd-vo VTsSPS Profizdat, 1955. 44 p.

(MLRA 9:4)

1. Nachal'nik instrumental'nogo khozyaystva kholodnoshtampovogo tsekha Kolomenskogo parovozostroitel'nogo zavoda imeni Kuybysheva.

(Efficiency, Industrial)

ACC NR: AP6034598

SOURCE CODE: UR/0115/66/000/010/0075/0076

AUTHOR: Akhmatov, A. S.; Bufeyev, V. A.; Korndorf, S. F.; Tkachenko, A. N.

ORG: none

TITLE: A photoamplifier with sliding contactless photopotentiometer

SOURCE: Izmeritel'naya tekhnika, no. 10, 1966, 75-76

TOPIC TAGS: photomultiplier, image amplification, circuit design

ABSTRACT: A new design of a photoamplifier is reported in which a sliding contactless photopotentiometer serves as the photosensitive element. The basic circuit diagram of the photoamplifier is shown in Fig. 1. The principle of operation of the proposed amplifier is as follows: with the aid of lens L and mirror galvanometer G, slot D is projected on the photosensitive layer of the potentiometer producing a conducting bridge on it. When the amplified signal current is not flowing through the galvanometer, the slot image is in the central position; in this case the resistance of the resistive layer is split in two parts (i.e., the output voltage across the load  $R_n$  is equal to zero). When the amplified signal current is flowing through the potentiometer, the galvanometer mirror is deflected as a result of which the slot image is shifted to one or to the other side acting as a sliding optical contact. Because of this, at the output of the circuit there will be a current flowing through the mirror galvanometer and to the voltage in the photopotentiometer. The photoamplifier circuit

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UDC: 621.383



ACC NR: AP6034598

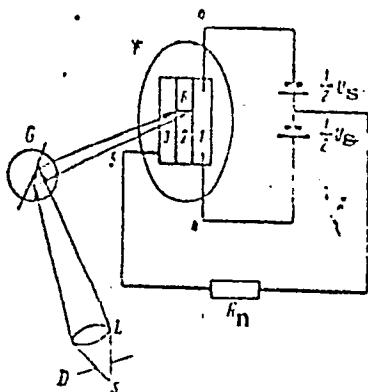


Fig. 1. Photoamplifier

F - Potentiometer; S - light source;  
D - slot diaphragm; L - focusing lens;  
G - mirror galvanometer; 1 - resistive  
layer; 2 - photosensitive layer; 3 - con-  
ducting slip ring; 4 - resistive layer  
leads; 5 - slip ring lead; 6 - slot image  
on the photosensitive layer;  $U_g$  - ac or dc  
power supply source;  $R_n$  - load resistance.

has the following advantages over the existing ones: 1) high linearity of the ampli-  
tude characteristic, 2) higher gain with respect to current and voltages, 3) the gain  
is not affected by unavoidable voltage and current fluctuations in the power supply  
circuit of the light source, and 4) the sensitivity threshold of the amplifier is  
determined by the sensitivity threshold of the mirror galvanometer. Orig. art. has:  
3 figures.

SUB CODE: 09/ SUBM DATE: 11May66/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2

*BUFF L. J.*

ARSEN'YEV, Aleksey Aleksandrovich; BUFF, Lazar' Samoylovich; LEYTES, Aleksandr Moiseyevich; LEVITSKIY, O.D., otvetstvennyy red.; IL'INA, N.S., red.izd-va; RYLINA, Yu.V., tekhn.red.

[Geological structure of Chita Province; a brief account]  
Geologicheskoe stroenie Chitinskoj oblasti; kratkii ocherk.  
Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 1958. 102 p. (MIRA 11:5)  
(Chita Province—Geology)

BUFFA, F.

"For a uniform system of expressions and terms in technology." Technicka Praca, Bratislava, Vol. 6, No. 1, Jan 1954, p. 58.

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol. 3, No. 11, Nov. 1954, L.C.

JARKA, Josef, dr.; BUFFI, Josef

Methods of controlling the profitability of ordinary and decorative stone mining. Geol průzkum 6 no.12:373-374 D '64.

1. Unit of Technical and Economic Development of the Branch Center of Geologic Methods, Brno.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

BUFKA, J.

Division of Work Hygiene of OHES (Odbor hygieny prace  
OHES), Most

Prague, Ceskoslovenska hygiena, No 6, 1963, pp 340-343

"The Occurrence of 3,4-benzpyrene in the Atmosphere of the City  
of Most and of the Coal Mine of the Most District."

BUFKA, J.

The occurrence of 3,4-benzpyrene in the atmosphere of the city Most and of the coal mines of the Most District. Cesk. hyg. 8 no.6:340-344 JI '63.

1. Odbor hygieny prace OHES, Most.  
(AIR POLLUTION) (BENZOPYRENES) (COAL MINING)

PIRK, F.; BELAN, A.; TRAVNICEK, R.; BUDINOVA-SMELA, J.; FRYNTOVA, A.: technicke spoluprace BUFKA, L.; KRIZOVE, M.; KUBIASOVE, E.; KUTILA, L.

Our experiences with roentgen cinematography in cerebral angiography.  
Preliminary report. Cesk. neur. 24 no.1:51-53 Ja '61.

1. Ustav pro vyzkum vyživy lidu, Praha, reditel doc. MUDr. J. Masek -  
Ustav pro klinickou a experimentalni chirurgii, Praha, reditel profesor  
MUDr. B. Spacek - Oddeleni pro cevni onemocneni mozku, predn. doc.  
MUDr. J. Budinova-Smela, Laboratore statniho filmu, Barrandov.

(CEREBRAL ANGIOGRAPHY)

BELAN, A. ; POSPICHAL, J. Technicka spoluprace: BUFKA, I.

Diagnostic possibilities of angiography on the AOT 35/35  
seriograph. Cesk. rentgen. 18 no.4:236-242 JI'64

1. Ustav klinicke a experimentalni chirurgie v Praze; redi-  
tel: prof. dr. B.Spacek, DrSc.



BELAN, A.; KOLC, J., technicka spoluprace BUFKA, L.

Experimental proof of various forms of lymphovenous anastomoses.  
Rozhl. chir. 44 no.5:344-347 My'65.

1. Ustav klinicke a experimentalni chirurgie v Praze (reditel:  
prof. dr. B. Spacek, DrSc.).

COSTACHE, C., correspondent; BUFNEA, Teodor, correspondent; SZILAGHY, Gh.,  
correspondent

News from the material plants. Constr Buc 14 no.649:1 16 Je '62.

BUFNEA, Teodor, corespondent

The products had improved. Constr Buc 14 no. 673: 2 1  
December 1962.

BUFNEA, Teodor, correspondent

Ceramic products surpass the plan. Constr Buc 15 no.697:  
1 18 My '63.

BUFNEA, Teodor, correspondent

Optic signaler for vacuum pressing machine. Constr Buc 15  
no.724:2 23 N '63.

BUFNEA, Teodor; RADU, Eugenia; MAISNER, Viorica, statisticiana; CALIS,  
Reghina; MIERLESCU, C.

From the letters of voluntary newspaper correspondents.  
Constr Buc 16 no. 737:4 22 P'64.

BUFON, Z.

SCIENCE

PERIODICALS

BUFON, Z. Conference of the representatives of natural science museums.  
p.159. Vol. 6, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) Vol. 11, No. 2.  
April 1959 Unclass.

BUGA, D.

New industrial branches having emerged in the Oltenia region in  
the years of people's democracy. *Probleme geog* 8:385-398 '61.



BUGA, Laszlo, dr.

The First National Itinerant Meeting of the Divisions of Hygiene,  
Society for Dissemination of Scientific Knowledge. Term rud kozl  
8 no.10:480 0 '64.

BUGA, Laszlo, dr.

The 1963 meeting of the Executive Committee on Hygiene Society  
for Dissemination of Scientific Knowledge. Term tud kozl 7  
no.8:383 Ag '63.

1. Tudományos Ismeretterjesztő Társulat Egészségügyi Szak-  
osztály Országos Választmányának titkára.

. H

BUGA, Laszlo, dr.

Public Health Days in Siofok. Term tud kozl 7 no.7:336 J1 '63.

L 34536-65 EWT(d)/EED-2/EWP(1) Po-4/Pq-4/Pg-4/Pk-4 IJP(c) GG/BB 27  
ACCESSION NR: AP5000039 S/0286/64/000/021/0050/0451

AUTHORS: Buga, N. N.; Izraylit, I. M.

TITLE: A way to generate an interference-free binary group code. Class 42,  
No. 166166

SOURCE: Byul. izobr. i tovar. znakov, no. 21, 1964, 50-51

TOPIC TAGS: binary code, code converter, interference control, error correcting  
code, commutator **16C**

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a generation method for an interference-free binary group code designed to correct errors of any specified multiplicity. The method employs the commutation of periodic pulse sequences, generated by systems of frequency division of the pulses, into two nonperiodic pulse sequences. The resulting nonperiodic sequences are used as a generatrix. With the summation of these sequences, an information alphabet of modulus "two" is formed.

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